

Date or Location of Observation >	Α	В	С	D
Date of Location of Observation =				
CARNIVORES				
		Щ	_	_
American Badger (Taxidea jacksoni) N, R	L		_	_
American Mink (Mustela vison) N, C		Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Coyote (Canis latrans) N, C Ermine (Mustela erminea) N, R-U	$\vdash$	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Long-tailed Weasel (Mustela frenata) N, C	$\vdash$	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
North American River Otter (Lontra canadensis) N, R	$\vdash$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Raccoon (Procyon lotor) N, C	$\vdash$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Red Fox (Vulpes vulpes) N, C	Н		$\neg$	$\neg$
Striped Skunk (Mephitis mephitis) N, C				
SHREWS & MOLES				
			_	_
Masked Shrew (Sorex cinereus) N, C Northern Short-tailed Shrew (Blarina brevicauda) N, C	H	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Smoky Shrew (Sorex fumeus) N, C	Н	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Water Shrew (Sorex palustris) N, U	$\vdash$	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Hairy-tailed Mole (Parascalops breweri) N, U		Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Star-nosed Mole (Condylura cristata) N, C				
BATS				
Big Brown Bat (Eptesicus fuscus) N, C			$\neg$	$\neg$
Hoary Bat (Lasiurus cinereus) N, C	Н	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Little Brown Bat (Myotis lucifugus) N, C	Н	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Northern Long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis) N, C	Г		$\dashv$	$\neg$
Eastern Red Bat (Lasiurus borealis) N, C	П		$\neg$	
Silver-haired Bat (Lasionycteris noctivagans) N, R				
RABBITS & HARES				
Eastern Cottontail (Sylvilagus floridanus) N, C				$\neg$
European Hare (Lepus europaeus) E		Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$
Snowshoe Hare (Lepus americanus) N, R/Exp				
OPOSSUMS				
Virginia Opossum (Didelphis virginiana) N, C			$\neg$	$\neg$
The state of the s				
DEER				
White-tailed Deer (Odocoileus virginianus) N, C				

## **RODENTS**

Beaver (Castor canadensis) N, C Muskrat (Ondatra zibethicus) N, C Woodchuck (Marmota monax) N, C Deer Mouse (Peromyscus maniculatus) N, C House Mouse (Mus musculus) E Meadow Jumping Mouse (Zapus hudsonius) N, C White-footed Mouse (Peromyscus leucopus) N, C Woodland Jumping Mouse (Napaeozapus insignis) N, U Meadow Vole (Microtus pennsylvanicus) N, C Woodland Vole (Pitymys pinetorum) N, R Eastern Chipmunk (Tamias striatus) N, C Eastern Gray Squirrel (Sciurus carolinensis) N, C Northern Flying Squirrel (Glaucomys sabrinus) N, R Red Squirrel (Tamiasciurus hudsonicus) N, C Southern Flying Squirrel (Glaucomys volans) N, C Norway Rat (Rattus norvegicus) E Porcupine (Erethizon dorsatum) N. C

This Mammal Checklist is proudly supported by:







## Residency Codes:

N = Native - Indigenous to Ontario

**E** = Exotic - Not indigenous to Ontario

## Abundance Codes:

**Exp** = Extirpated. Not currently known to be present at any location and is therefore presumed to be extirpated; however, was formerly a resident.

**R** = Rare. Highly significant in the City of Hamilton.

**U** = Uncommon. Moderately significant in the City of Hamilton.

**C** = Common. Present in many locations across the City of Hamilton.

## **Mammals**

Mammal records in Hamilton date back more than 4000 years, with paleontological and archaeological sites in the City of Hamilton often producing mammal remains. Muskrats, voles, northern flying squirrels, red foxes, black bears, elk, river otter, beavers, martens, bobcat, and eastern cottontails have all been recorded on historic sites.

Today, many of our indigenous mammals remain living within the City of Hamilton, though some are extirpated (species that have not been reported since 1946). It is very unlikely you will ever see a marten, fisher, grey wolf, lynx, bison, elk, or grey fox running through our natural areas again. Quite simply, the City of Hamilton cannot support these species anymore. We hope you enjoy this mammal species checklist

Checklist Designed by Hamilton Conservation Authority

Checklist sources: Hamilton Natural Heritage Database, 2013.
Atlas of the Mammals of Hamilton, Vlasman, K. 2005,
Hamilton Naturalists' Club, Hamilton, Ontario

Cover photo of Red Fox by Sandy Bell.





